BLACKPITTS STUDENT HOUSING
STUDENT ACCOMODATION
NEWMARKET, DUBLIN 8

APPLICANT:
Blackpitts Residence Unlimited Company

PROJECT No: 4994

Private Site Lighting Calculations

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0	Private Site Lighting Calculations	JMcG	July 2025	TMcP

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Date **22nd July 2025**

Approved By **Tony McPolin**

Signature .....

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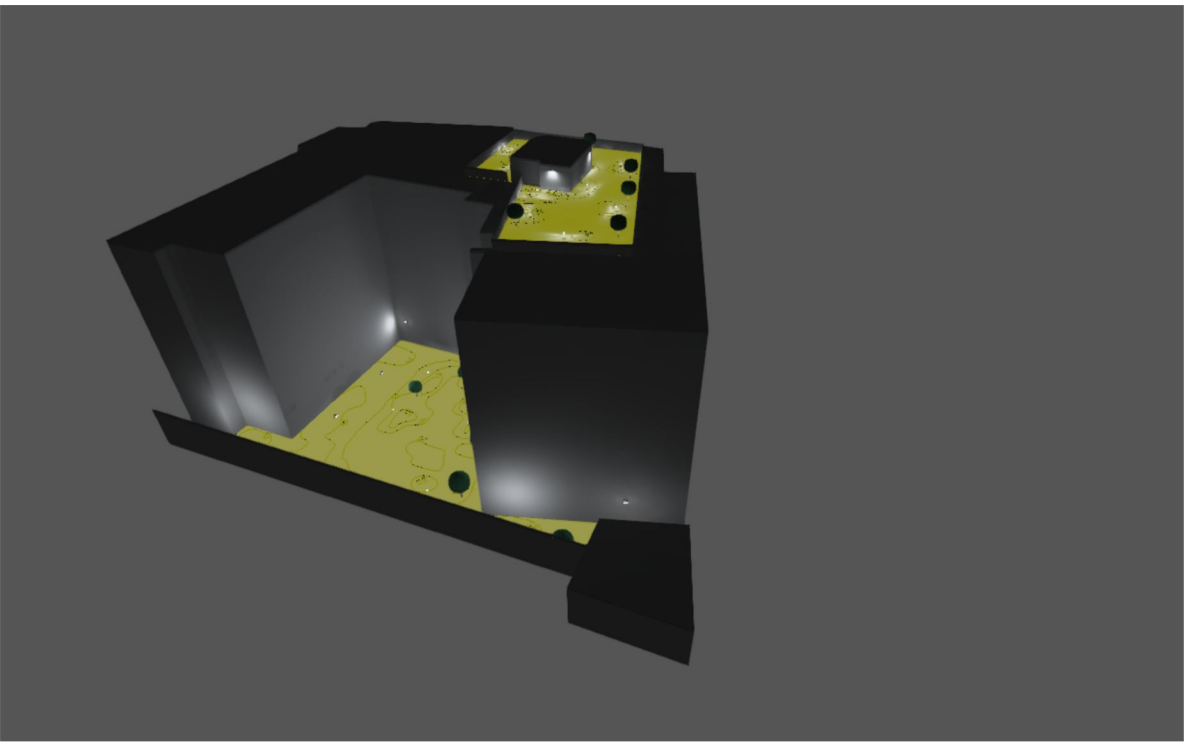

BLACKPITTS STUDENT HOUSING, STUDENT ACCOMODATION, NEWMARKET, DUBLIN 8

Preface

Notes on planning:

The energy consumption quantities do not take into account light scenes and their dimming levels.

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Description

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Luminaire list

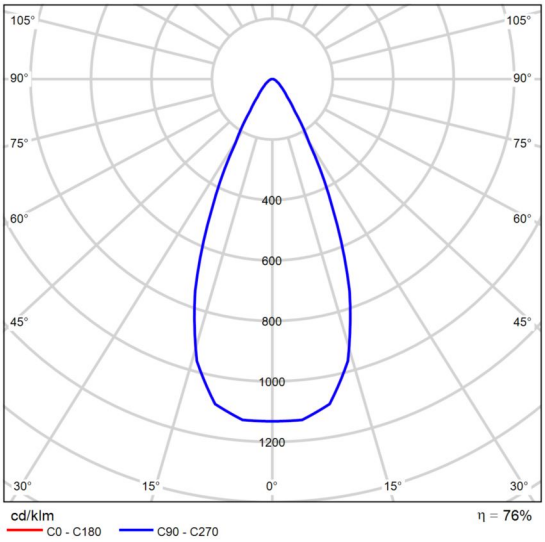
Φ_{total}	P_{total}	Luminous efficacy
54100 lm	467.0 W	115.8 lm/W

pcs.	Manufacturer	Article No.	Article name	P	Φ	Luminous efficacy
10	Ghidini Lighting SRL	GH1114.B AFT300	Segno Spot RD 2.1W 3000 K 46°	2.1 W	150 lm	71.2 lm/W
3	TRILUX		OsidoRW-SB1L-10-830-ET-GS26	8.5 W	950 lm	111.8 lm/W
11	TRILUX	7794340;	Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET	28.0 W	3500 lm	125.0 lm/W
15	TRILUX	8115051;	8841 AB14L/700-730 2G2 ETDD (CLOANFANGSWERT) ETDD	7.5 W	750 lm	100.0 lm/W

Product data sheet

Ghidini Lighting SRL - Segno Spot RD 2.1W 3000 K 46°

Article No.	GH1114.BAFT300
P	2.1 W
Φ_{Lamp}	196 lm
$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	150 lm
η	76.32 %
Luminous efficacy	71.2 lm/W
CCT	3000 K
CRI	90



Polar LDC

Glare evaluation according to RUG

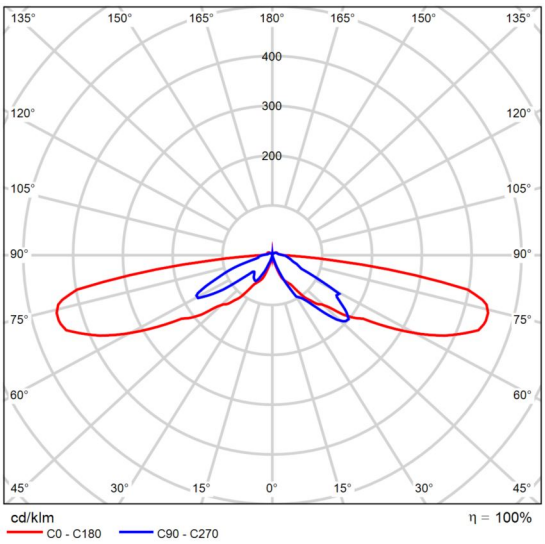
ρ Ceiling		70	70	50	50	30	70	70	50	50	30
ρ Walls		50	30	50	30	30	50	30	50	30	30
ρ Floor		20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Room size X	Y	Viewing direction at right angles to lamp axis					Viewing direction parallel to lamp axis				
2H	2H	20.4	21.3	20.7	21.5	21.7	20.4	21.3	20.7	21.5	21.7
	3H	21.0	21.8	21.3	22.0	22.3	21.0	21.8	21.3	22.0	22.3
	4H	21.3	22.0	21.6	22.3	22.6	21.3	22.0	21.6	22.3	22.6
	6H	21.5	22.2	21.9	22.5	22.8	21.5	22.2	21.9	22.5	22.8
	8H	21.7	22.4	22.0	22.7	23.0	21.7	22.4	22.0	22.7	23.0
	12H	21.9	22.6	22.3	22.9	23.2	21.9	22.6	22.3	22.9	23.2
4H	2H	20.6	21.4	20.9	21.6	21.9	20.6	21.4	20.9	21.6	21.9
	3H	21.4	22.0	21.7	22.3	22.7	21.4	22.0	21.7	22.3	22.7
	4H	21.8	22.4	22.2	22.7	23.0	21.8	22.4	22.2	22.7	23.0
	6H	22.2	22.7	22.6	23.0	23.4	22.2	22.7	22.6	23.0	23.4
	8H	22.4	22.9	22.8	23.3	23.7	22.4	22.9	22.8	23.3	23.7
	12H	22.8	23.2	23.2	23.6	24.0	22.8	23.2	23.2	23.6	24.0
8H	4H	21.9	22.4	22.3	22.8	23.2	21.9	22.4	22.3	22.8	23.2
	6H	22.5	22.8	22.9	23.2	23.7	22.5	22.8	22.9	23.2	23.7
	8H	22.8	23.1	23.3	23.6	24.1	22.8	23.1	23.3	23.6	24.1
	12H	23.4	23.6	23.9	24.1	24.6	23.4	23.6	23.9	24.1	24.6
12H	4H	21.9	22.3	22.4	22.7	23.2	21.9	22.3	22.4	22.7	23.2
	6H	22.5	22.8	23.0	23.3	23.8	22.5	22.8	23.0	23.3	23.8
	8H	23.0	23.2	23.5	23.7	24.2	23.0	23.2	23.5	23.7	24.2
Variation of the observer position for the luminaire distances S											
S = 1.0H S = 1.5H S = 2.0H		+1.2 / -0.7 +2.6 / -1.2 +4.1 / -1.6					+1.2 / -0.7 +2.6 / -1.2 +4.1 / -1.6				
Standard table		BK04					BK04				
Correction summand		4.3					4.3				
Corrected glare indices referring to 196lm Total luminous flux											

RUG diagram (SHR: 0.25)

Product data sheet

TRILUX - 8841 AB14L/700-730 2G2 ETDD (CLOANFANGSWERT) ETDD

Article No.	8115051;
P	7.5 W
Φ_{Lamp}	750 lm
$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	750 lm
η	99.99 %
Luminous efficacy	100.0 lm/W
CCT	3000 K
CRI	70



Polar LDC

8841 AB14L/700-730 2G2 ETDD (TOC 8115051):
Bollard head unit with circular cone-shaped opal PMMA reflector. Use in various designs and heights in combination with separately ordered supporting columns. 2 LED modules each with 4 LEDs integrated in a lens system, direct distribution. Optical system with Multi-Lens Technology. With asymmetric wide light distribution. Further beam characteristics are available for flexible adaptation to customer-specific lighting tasks. Luminaire luminous flux and light color fixed, with luminous flux stabilization at end of life (CLO). Luminaire luminous flux 700 lm, connected load 7 W, maximum luminous efficiency of luminaire 100 lm/W. Light colour warm white, correlated colour temperature (CCT) 3000 K, general colour rendering index (CRI) Ra > 70. Colour locus tolerance (initial MacAdam) ≤ 5 SDCM. Mean rated service life L80(tq 25 °C) = 100,000 h. The light source is replaceable according to the ecodesign requirements (VO (EU) 2019/2020). Sea weather-suitable coating on request. Luminaire diameter 172 mm, luminaire height 425 mm. Cylindrical cover of impact-resistant PMMA, clear. Safety class (EN 61140): II, protection rating (DIN EN 60529): IP65, impact resistance level in accordance with IEC 62262: IK04. Windage area fw 7,000 m2. Weight: 2,5 kg. With electronic control gear unit, digitally dimmable (DALI). Control gear unit

Product data sheet

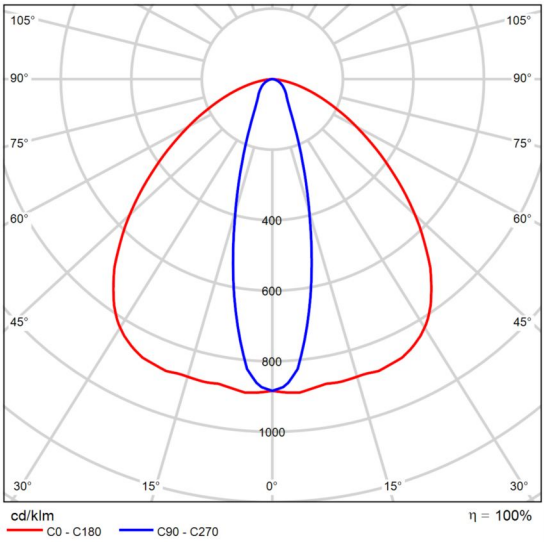
TRILUX - 8841 AB14L/700-730 2G2 ETDD (CLOANFANGSWERT) ETDD

according to DALI-2 standard (EN 62386). The control gear unit is replaceable in accordance with the ecodesign requirements (VO (EU) 2019/2020). Surge voltage resistance Differential Mode / Common Mode: 6 kV / 10 kV. The luminaire complies with the fundamental requirements of applicable EU regulations and product safety legislation and bears the CE symbol. Luminaire available for 10 years, spare parts (LED module, control gear unit, optical system) for 15 years from date of invoice, subject to reasonable modifications in the interests of progress.

Product data sheet

TRILUX - OsidoRW-SB1L-10-830-ET-GS26

P	8.5 W
Φ_{Lamp}	950 lm
$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	950 lm
η	99.99 %
Luminous efficacy	111.8 lm/W
CCT	3000 K
CRI	80



Polar LDC

Glare evaluation according to RUG

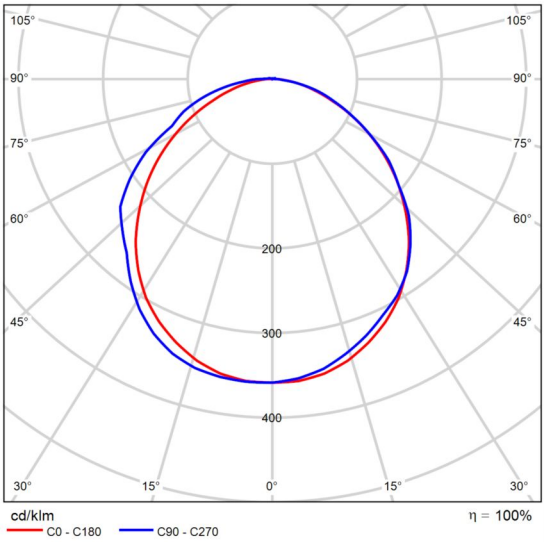
ρ Ceiling		70	70	50	50	30	70	70	50	50	30
ρ Walls		50	30	50	30	30	50	30	50	30	30
ρ Floor		20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Room size X	Y	Viewing direction at right angles to lamp axis					Viewing direction parallel to lamp axis				
2H	2H	25.1	26.2	25.4	26.4	26.7	12.6	13.7	12.8	13.9	14.1
	3H	26.3	27.3	26.6	27.6	27.8	13.6	14.6	13.9	14.9	15.1
	4H	26.8	27.7	27.1	28.0	28.3	14.0	14.9	14.3	15.2	15.5
	6H	27.0	27.9	27.4	28.2	28.5	14.2	15.1	14.6	15.4	15.7
	8H	27.1	28.0	27.5	28.3	28.6	14.3	15.1	14.6	15.4	15.8
	12H	27.1	27.9	27.5	28.3	28.6	14.3	15.1	14.6	15.4	15.8
4H	2H	24.9	25.9	25.2	26.1	26.4	14.2	15.2	14.5	15.4	15.7
	3H	26.2	27.0	26.6	27.3	27.7	15.2	16.0	15.5	16.3	16.6
	4H	26.7	27.5	27.1	27.8	28.2	15.6	16.3	15.9	16.6	17.0
	6H	27.1	27.7	27.5	28.1	28.5	15.8	16.5	16.2	16.8	17.2
	8H	27.2	27.8	27.6	28.2	28.6	15.9	16.5	16.3	16.9	17.3
	12H	27.3	27.8	27.7	28.2	28.6	15.9	16.5	16.4	16.9	17.3
8H	4H	26.6	27.2	27.1	27.6	28.0	16.1	16.7	16.6	17.1	17.5
	6H	27.0	27.5	27.5	27.9	28.4	16.5	17.0	16.9	17.4	17.8
	8H	27.2	27.6	27.6	28.0	28.5	16.6	17.0	17.0	17.4	17.9
	12H	27.3	27.6	27.7	28.1	28.6	16.6	17.0	17.1	17.4	17.9
12H	4H	26.6	27.1	27.0	27.5	28.0	16.2	16.8	16.7	17.2	17.6
	6H	27.0	27.4	27.5	27.9	28.3	16.6	17.0	17.1	17.5	17.9
	8H	27.1	27.5	27.6	28.0	28.5	16.7	17.1	17.2	17.5	18.0
Variation of the observer position for the luminaire distances S											
S = 1.0H		+0.5 / -0.4					+0.6 / -0.6				
S = 1.5H		+1.6 / -1.5					+1.1 / -1.2				
S = 2.0H		+2.9 / -2.6					+1.8 / -1.7				
Standard table		BK04					BK04				
Correction summand		10.1					-1.3				
Corrected glare indices referring to 950lm Total luminous flux											

RUG diagram (SHR: 0.25)

Product data sheet

TRILUX - Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET

Article No.	7794340;
P	28.0 W
Φ_{Lamp}	3500 lm
$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	3500 lm
η	99.99 %
Luminous efficacy	125.0 lm/W
CCT	4000 K
CRI	80

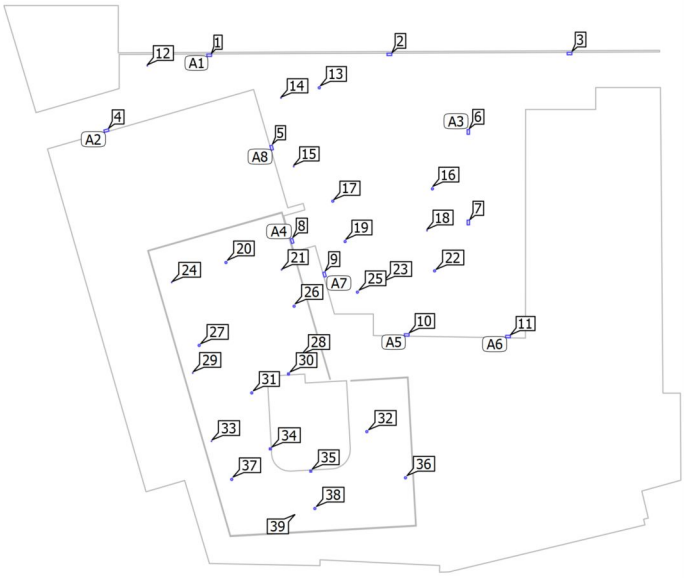


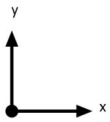
Polar LDC

Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (TOC 7794340):
Modern LED wall luminaire for outdoor use. Attachment by means of wall mounting bracket made of galvanised steel. For simple installation, diffuser, LED system, control gear and connection elements form one unit. Luminaire luminous flux adjustable in 3 levels, light color adjustable in 2 levels. Luminaire luminous flux 3500 lm - 3500 lm, connected load 28,00 W - 28,00 W, maximum luminous efficiency of luminaire 125 lm/W. With light colour adjustable in 2 steps (3000 K / 4000 K). general colour rendering index (CRI) Ra > 80. Colour locus tolerance (initial MacAdam) ≤ 3 SDCM. Mean rated service life L80(tq 25 °C) = 60,000 h. Luminaire body of die-cast aluminium, powder-coated black. Surface coated black (RAL 9005). Silicon sealing, weather- and age-resistant. The anti-theft screws are covered with a cap. Safety class (EN 61140): , protection rating (DIN EN 60529): IP, impact resistance level in accordance with IEC 62262: . Weight: 1,9 kg. Cable entry via one wall outlet or two side inlets with M20 screw connection. With electronic transformer, switchable. Surge voltage resistance Differential Mode / Common Mode: / . The luminaire complies with the fundamental requirements of applicable EU regulations and product safety legislation and bears the CE symbol.

Site 1

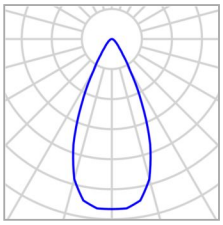
Luminaire layout plan





Site 1

Luminaire layout plan



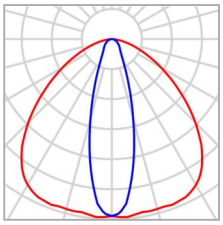
Manufacturer	Ghidini Lighting SRL	P	2.1 W
Article No.	GH1114.BAFT300	$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	150 lm
Article name	Segno Spot RD 2.1W 3000 K 46°		
Fitting	1x LEDX0155-30KC00-0700-XG		

Individual luminaires

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
56.700 m	45.000 m	0.200 m	12
67.565 m	42.376 m	0.200 m	14
68.600 m	36.800 m	0.200 m	15
79.440 m	31.588 m	0.200 m	18
67.611 m	28.404 m	20.200 m	21
75.900 m	27.400 m	0.200 m	23
58.675 m	27.383 m	20.200 m	24
60.389 m	20.010 m	20.200 m	29
61.920 m	14.467 m	20.200 m	33
68.641 m	8.453 m	20.200 m	39

Site 1

Luminaire layout plan



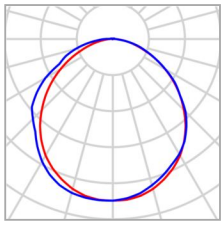
Manufacturer	TRILUX	P	8.5 W
Article name	OsidoRW-SB1L-10-830-ET-GS26	$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	950 lm
Fitting	1x 1 x LED		

Individual luminaires

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
68.183 m	19.934 m	22.250 m	30
66.704 m	13.844 m	22.250 m	34
69.994 m	12.038 m	22.250 m	35

Site 1

Luminaire layout plan



Manufacturer	TRILUX	P	28.0 W
Article No.	7794340;	$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	3500 lm
Article name	Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET		
Fitting	1x 1 x LED ET		

3 x TRILUX Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET

Type	Line arrangement
1st luminaire (X/Y/Z)	61.741 m / 45.946 m / 3.000 m
X-direction	3 pcs., Centre - centre, 14.644 m
Arrangement	A1

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
61.741 m	45.946 m	3.000 m	1
76.385 m	46.014 m	3.000 m	2
91.029 m	46.081 m	3.000 m	3

1 x TRILUX Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET

Type	Line arrangement
1st luminaire (X/Y/Z)	53.407 m / 39.631 m / 3.000 m
X-direction	1 pcs., Centre - centre, 9.385 m
Arrangement	A2

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
53.407 m	39.631 m	3.000 m	4

2 x TRILUX Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET

Site 1

Luminaire layout plan

Type	Line arrangement
1st luminaire (X/Y/Z)	82.901 m / 39.612 m / 3.000 m
X-direction	2 pcs., Centre - centre, 7.361 m
Arrangement	A3

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
82.901 m	39.612 m	3.000 m	6
82.901 m	32.251 m	3.000 m	7

1 x TRILUX Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET

Type	Line arrangement
1st luminaire (X/Y/Z)	68.386 m / 30.724 m / 3.000 m
X-direction	1 pcs., Centre - centre, 1.761 m
Arrangement	A4

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
68.386 m	30.724 m	3.000 m	8

1 x TRILUX Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET

Type	Line arrangement
1st luminaire (X/Y/Z)	77.792 m / 23.010 m / 3.000 m
X-direction	1 pcs., Centre - centre, 0.990 m
Arrangement	A5

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
77.792 m	23.010 m	3.000 m	10

1 x TRILUX Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET

Type	Line arrangement
1st luminaire (X/Y/Z)	86.029 m / 22.879 m / 3.000 m
X-direction	1 pcs., Centre - centre, 0.801 m
Arrangement	A6

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
86.029 m	22.879 m	3.000 m	11

Site 1

Luminaire layout plan

1 x TRILUX Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET

Type	Line arrangement
1st luminaire (X/Y/Z)	71.018 m / 27.994 m / 3.000 m
X-direction	1 pcs., Centre - centre, 0.675 m
Arrangement	A7

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
71.018 m	27.994 m	3.000 m	9

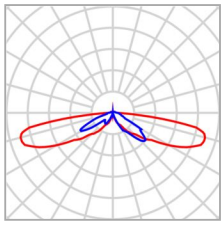
1 x TRILUX Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET

Type	Line arrangement
1st luminaire (X/Y/Z)	66.722 m / 38.306 m / 3.000 m
X-direction	1 pcs., Centre - centre, 0.650 m
Arrangement	A8

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
66.722 m	38.306 m	3.000 m	5

Site 1

Luminaire layout plan



Manufacturer	TRILUX	P	7.5 W
Article No.	8115051;	$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	750 lm
Article name	8841 AB14L/700-730 2G2 ETDD (CLOANFANGSWERT) ETDD		
Fitting	1x 1 x LED ETDD		

Individual luminaires

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
70.684 m	43.202 m	1.000 m	13
79.884 m	34.984 m	1.000 m	16
71.784 m	33.984 m	1.000 m	17
72.784 m	30.699 m	1.000 m	19
63.101 m	28.996 m	20.635 m	20
80.059 m	28.316 m	1.000 m	22
73.784 m	26.584 m	1.000 m	25
68.641 m	25.441 m	20.635 m	26
60.920 m	22.253 m	20.635 m	27
69.167 m	21.390 m	20.635 m	28
65.195 m	18.395 m	20.635 m	31
74.552 m	15.246 m	20.635 m	32
77.695 m	11.495 m	20.635 m	36

Site 1

Luminaire layout plan

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
63.568 m	11.361 m	20.635 m	37
70.326 m	8.995 m	20.635 m	38

Site 1

Luminaire list

Φ_{total}	P_{total}	Luminous efficacy
54100 lm	467.0 W	115.8 lm/W

pcs.	Manufacturer	Article No.	Article name	P	Φ	Luminous efficacy
10	Ghidini Lighting SRL	GH1114.B AFT300	Segno Spot RD 2.1W 3000 K 46°	2.1 W	150 lm	71.2 lm/W
3	TRILUX		OsidoRW-SB1L-10-830-ET-GS26	8.5 W	950 lm	111.8 lm/W
11	TRILUX	7794340;	Skeo Curv OA MultiLC ET 05 (stage 3) ET	28.0 W	3500 lm	125.0 lm/W
15	TRILUX	8115051;	8841 AB14L/700-730 2G2 ETDD (CLOANFANGSWERT) ETDD	7.5 W	750 lm	100.0 lm/W

Site 1 (Light scene 1)

Calculation objects

Site 1 (Light scene 1)

Calculation objects

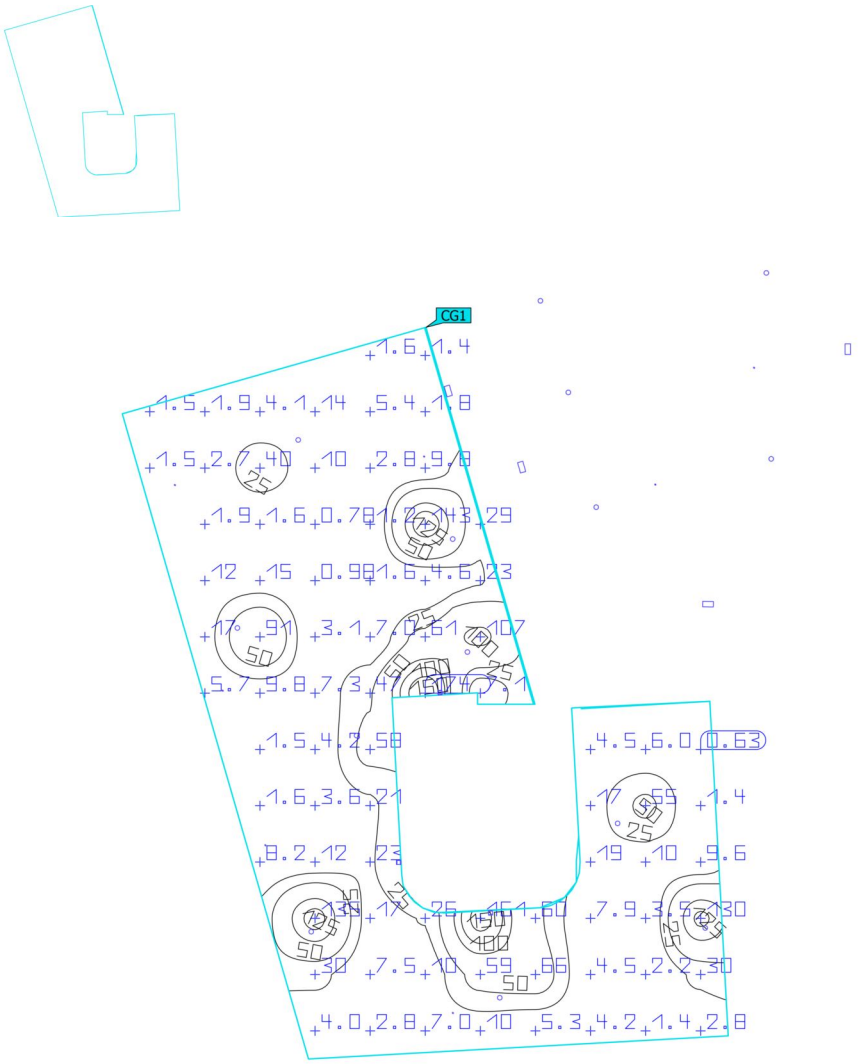
Calculation surfaces

Properties	Ē	E_{min}	E_{max}	U_o (g_1)	g_2	Index
Roof Perpendicular illuminance Height: 20.200 m	23.9 lx	0.63 lx	174 lx	0.026	0.004	CG1
Ground Floor Perpendicular illuminance Height: 0.000 m	25.4 lx	1.71 lx	71.0 lx	0.067	0.024	CG2

Utilisation profile: DIALux presetting (5.1.4 Standard (outdoor transportation area))

Site 1 (Light scene 1)

Roof

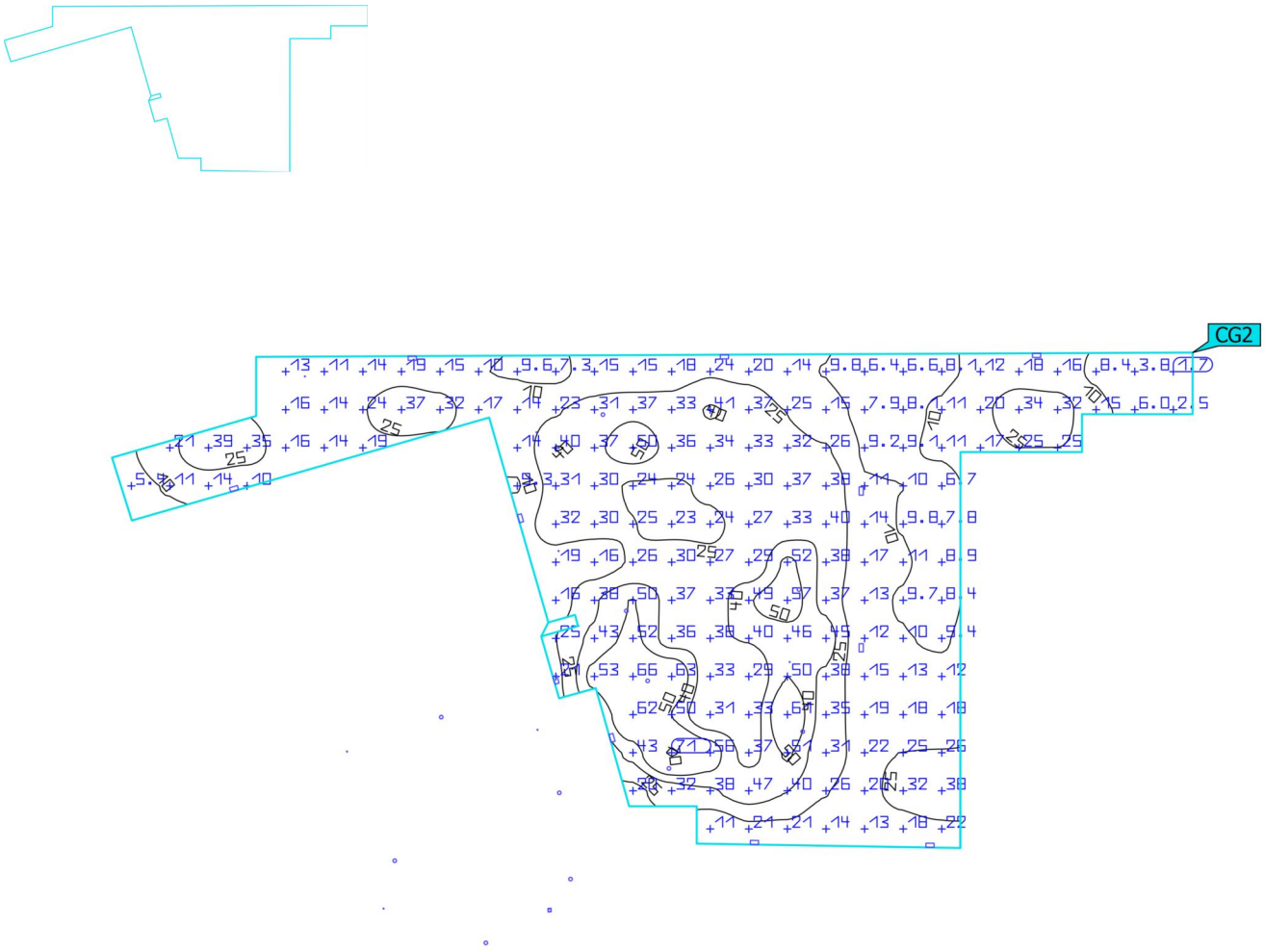


Properties	Ē	E_{min}	E_{max}	U_o (g_1)	g_2	Index
Roof Perpendicular illuminance Height: 20.200 m	23.9 lx	0.63 lx	174 lx	0.026	0.004	CG1

Utilisation profile: DIALux presetting (5.1.4 Standard (outdoor transportation area))

Site 1 (Light scene 1)

Ground Floor



Properties	Ē	E_{min}	E_{max}	U_o (g_1)	g_2	Index
Ground Floor Perpendicular illuminance Height: 0.000 m	25.4 lx	1.71 lx	71.0 lx	0.067	0.024	CG2

Utilisation profile: DIALux presetting (5.1.4 Standard (outdoor transportation area))

Glossary

A

A	Formula symbol for a surface in the geometry

B

Background area	The background area borders the direct ambient area according to DIN EN 12464-1 and reaches up to the borders of the room. In larger rooms, the background area is at least 3 m wide. It is located horizontally at floor level.

C

CCT	(Engl. correlated colour temperature) Body temperature of a thermal radiator which serves to describe its light colour. Unit: Kelvin [K]. The lesser the numerical value the redder; the greater the numerical value the bluer the light colour. The colour temperature of gas-discharge lamps and semi-conductors are termed "correlated colour temperature" in contrast to the colour temperature of thermal radiators. Allocation of the light colours to the colour temperature ranges acc. to EN 12464-1: Light colour - colour temperature [K] warm white (ww) < 3,300 K neutral white (nw) ≥ 3,300 – 5,300 K daylight white (dw) > 5,300 K
Clearance height	The designation for the distance between upper edge of the floor and bottom edge of the ceiling (in the completely furnished status of room).
Control group	A group of luminaires that are dimmed and controlled together. For each lighting scene, a control group provides its own dimming value. All luminaires within a control group share this dimming value. The control groups with their luminaires are automatically determined by DIALux on the basis of the created light scenes and their luminaire groups.
CRI	(Engl. colour rendering index) Designation for the colour rendering index of a luminaire or a lamp acc. to DIN 6169: 1976 or CIE 13.3: 1995. The general colour rendering index Ra (or CRI) is a dimensionless figure that describes the quality of a white light source in regards to its similarity with the remission spectra of defined 8 test colours (see DIN 6169 or CIE 1974) to a reference light source.

Glossary

D

Daylight autonomy	Describes what percentage of the daily working time the required illuminance is met by daylight. The nominal illuminance is used from the room profile, unlike described in EN 17037. The calculation is not done in the centre of the room but at the placed sensor measuring point. A room is considered sufficiently supplied with daylight if it achieves at least 50% daylight autonomy.
Daylight factor	Ratio of the illuminance achieved solely by daylight incidence at a point in the inside to the horizontal illuminance in the outer area under an unobstructed sky. Formula symbol: D (Engl. daylight factor) Unit: %
Daylight quotient effective area	A calculation surface within which the daylight quotient is calculated.

E

Energy evaluation	Based on an hourly calculation procedure for daylight in indoor spaces, considering the project geometry and any existing daylight control systems. Orientation and location of the project are also considered. The calculation uses the specified system power of the luminaires to determine the energy demand. A linear relationship between power and luminous flux in the dimmed state is assumed for daylight-controlled luminaires. Times of use and nominal illuminance are determined from the usage profiles of the spaces. Switched-on luminaires that are explicitly excluded from control also consider the specified times-of-use. The daylight control systems use a simplified control logic that closes them at an outdoor horizontal illuminance of 27,500lx. The calendar year 2022 is used as a reference only. It is not a simulation of this year. The reference year is only used to assign the days of the week to the calculated results. The changeover to summer time is not considered. The reference sky type used is the average sky described in CIE 110 without direct sunlight. The method was developed together with the Fraunhofer Institute for Building Physics and is available for review by the Joint Working Group 1 ISO TC 274 as an extension of the previous annual regression-based method.
Environmental zones	The assessment of intrusive light and light immission depends on the environment of the lighting installation. Depending on the standard, 4-6 different zones are defined, ranging from highly protected areas in natural settings to urban areas, commercial zones, and industrial zones.
Eta (η)	(light output ratio) The light output ratio describes what percentage of the luminous flux of a free radiating lamp (or LED module) is emitted by the luminaire when installed. Unit: %

Glossary

G

g_1	Often also U_o (Engl. overall uniformity) Designates the overall uniformity of the illuminance on a surface. It is the quotient from E_{min} to $\bar{E}$ and is required, for instance, in standards for illumination of workstations.
g_2	Actually it designates the "non-uniformity" of the illuminance on a surface. It is the quotient of E_{min} to E_{max} and is generally only relevant for certifying the emergency lighting acc. to EN 1838.

I

Illuminance	Describes the ratio of the luminous flux that strikes a certain surface to the size of this surface ($lm/m^2 = lx$). The illuminance is not tied to an object surface. It can be determined anywhere in space (inside or outside). The illuminance is not a product feature because it is a recipient value. Luxometers are used for measuring. Unit: Lux Abbreviation: lx Formula symbol: E
Illuminance, adaptive	For the determining of the middle adaptive illuminance on a surface, this is rastered "adaptively". In the area of large illuminance differences within the surface, the raster is subdivided finer; within lesser differences, a rougher classification is made.
Illuminance, horizontal	Illuminance that is calculated or measured on a horizontal (level) surface (this can be for example a table top or the floor). The horizontal illuminance is usually identified by the formula letter E_h.
Illuminance, perpendicular	Illuminance that is calculated or measured plumb-vertical to a surface. This needs to be taken into account for tilted surfaces. If the surface is horizontal or vertical, then there is no difference between the perpendicular and the horizontal or vertical illuminance.
Illuminance, vertical	Illuminance that is calculated or measured on a vertical surface (this can be for example the front of some shelves). The vertical illuminance is usually identified by the formula letter E_v.

K

k_S	The glare effect of a light source can be described by the glare metric k_S. It relates the solid angle of the glaring light source as seen from the point of immission, the ambient luminance, and the maximum allowable luminance.

Glossary

L

LENI	(Engl. lighting energy numeric indicator) Lighting energy numeric indicator acc. to EN 15193 Unit: kWh/(m^2 * a)
LLMF	(Engl. lamp lumen maintenance factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Lamp flux maintenance factor that takes the luminous flux reduction into account of a luminaire or an LED module in the course of the operating time. The lamp flux maintenance factor is specified as a decimal digit and can have a maximum value of 1 (no luminous flux reduction existing).
LMF	(Engl. luminaire maintenance factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Luminaire maintenance factor that takes the soiling into account of the luminaire in the course of the operating time. The luminaire maintenance factor is specified as a decimal digit and can have a maximum value of 1 (no soiling existing).
LSF	(Engl. lamp survival factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Lamp survival factor that takes the total failure into account of a luminaire in the course of the operating time. The lamp survival factor is specified as a decimal digit and can have a maximum value of 1 (no failures existing within the time concerned or prompt replacement after the failure).
Luminance	Dimension for the "brightness impression" that the human eye has of a surface. The surface itself can emit light thereby or light striking it can be reflected (emitter value). It is the only photometric value that the human eye can perceive. Unit: Candela per square metre Abbreviation: cd/m^2 Formula symbol: L
Luminous efficacy	Ratio of the emitted luminous flux Φ [lm] to the absorbed electrical power P [W] Unit: lm/W. This ratio can be formed for the lamp or LED module (lamp or module light output), the lamp or module with control gear (system light output) and the complete luminaire (luminaire light output).
Luminous flux	Dimension for the total light output that is emitted from one light source in all directions. It is thus an "emitter value" that specifies the entire emitting output. The luminous flux of a light source can only be determined in a laboratory. A difference is made between the lamp or LED module luminous flux and the luminaire luminous flux. Unit: Lumen Abbreviation: lm Formula symbol: Φ

Glossary

Luminous intensity	Describes the intensity of the light in a certain direction (emitter value). The luminous intensity is a matter of the luminous flux Φ that is emitted in a certain spherical angle Ω. The radiation characteristics of a light source are presented graphically in a light distribution curve (LDC). The luminous intensity is an SI base unit. Unit: Candela Abbreviation: cd Formula symbol: I

M

Maintenance factor	See MF
MF	(Engl. maintenance factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Maintenance factor as decimal number between 0 and 1 that describes the ratio of the new value of a photometric planning parameter (e.g. of the illuminance) to a maintenance value after a certain time. The maintenance factor takes into account the soiling of luminaires and rooms as well as the luminous flux reduction and the failure of light sources. The maintenance factor is taken into account either overall or determined in detail acc. to CIE 97: 2005 by the formula RMF x LMF x LLMF x LSF.

O

Obtrusive light/Light immission	To protect the nocturnal environment and minimize problems for humans, flora, and fauna, it is necessary to limit obtrusive light (also known as light pollution), which can cause serious physiological and ecological issues for individuals and the environment. Light immission refers to the disturbing influence of emitted light from artificial light sources.
Operating times	The assessment of obtrusive light and light immission depends on the operating times of the lighting installation. Depending on the standard, 1-3 different operating times are specified. In the absence of specific details, an operating time between 06:00 and 22:00 can be assumed.

P

P	(Engl. power) Electric power consumption Unit: watt Abbreviation: W

Glossary

R

$R_{(UG)}$ max	Measure of the psychological glare in indoor spaces. In addition to the luminance of luminaires, the level of the $R_{(UG)}$ value also depends on the observer position, the viewing direction and the ambient luminance. The calculation is made according to the table method, see CIE 117. Among other things, EN 12464-1:2021 specifies maximum permissible $R_{(UG)}$- values $R_{(UGL)}$ for various indoor workplaces.
R_{DLO}	The ratio of the luminous flux emitted below the horizontal plane to the total lamp luminous flux of a luminaire or lighting installation in its operational position.
R_G	The glare directly caused by luminaires of an outdoor lighting installation is determined using the CIE Glare Rating (RG) method. To calculate this, the equivalent veiling luminance of the surroundings is needed. There are four options for determining this: • An exact calculation according to CIE 112, based on the scene area. • A simplified method according to EN 12464-2, based on the scene area. • Using a custom calculation area to determine the equivalent veiling luminance. • Specifying a fixed value for easy comparability.
R_{UF}	upward flux ratio The ratio of the luminous flux emitted directly or reflected above the horizontal plane to the luminous flux that cannot be avoided under ideal conditions to achieve the illuminance level on a deliberately illuminated area.
R_{UL}	upward light ratio The ratio of the luminous flux emitted above the horizontal plane to the luminous flux of a luminaire or lighting installation in its operational position. The luminaire efficiency is considered in this calculation.
R_{ULO}	upward light output ratio The ratio of the luminous flux emitted above the horizontal plane to the total lamp luminous flux of a luminaire or lighting installation in its operational position.
Reflection factor	The reflection factor of a surface describes how much of the striking light is reflected back. The reflection factor is defined by the colour of the surface.
RMF	(Engl. room maintenance factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Room maintenance factor that takes the soiling into account of the space encompassing surfaces in the course of the operating time. The room maintenance factor is specified as a decimal digit and can have a maximum value of 1 (no soiling existing).
RUG (max)	(unified glare rating) Measure for the psychological glare effect in interiors. In addition to luminaire luminance, the RUG value also depends on the position of the observer, the viewing direction and the ambient luminance. Among other things, EN 12464-1 specifies maximum permissible RUG values for various indoor workplaces.

Glossary

RUG observer	Calculation point in the room, for the DIALux the RUG value is determined. The location and height of the calculation point should correspond to the typical observer position (position and eye level of the user).

S

Surrounding area	The ambient area directly borders the area of the visual task and should be planned with a width of at least 0.5 m according to DIN EN 12464-1. It is at the same height as the area of the visual task.

V

Visual task area	The area that is needed for carrying out the visual task in accordance with DIN EN 12464 -1. The height corresponds with the height at which the visual task is executed.

W

Wall zone	Circumferential area between working plane and walls which is not taken into account for the calculation.
Working plane	Virtual measuring or calculation surface at the height of the visual task that generally follows the room geometry. The working plane may also feature a wall zone.